

## Hazardous chemicals requiring health monitoring

The information in this guidance is taken from regulation 436 (asbestos) and Schedule 14 to the WHS Regulations.

## Hazardous chemicals requiring health monitoring under the WHS Regulations and their type of health monitoring

Hazardous chemical	Type of health monitoring
Acrylonitrile	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Records of personal exposure
	Physical examination
Arsenic (inorganic)	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Records of personal exposure
	Physical examination with emphasis on the peripheral nervous system and skin
	Urinary inorganic arsenic
Asbestos	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Records of personal exposure
	Physical examination
Benzene	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Records of personal exposure
	Physical examination
	Baseline blood sample for haematological profile



Hazardous chemical	Type of health monitoring
Cadmium	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Records of personal exposure
	Physical examination with emphasis on the respiratory system
	Standard respiratory questionnaire to be completed
	Standard respiratory function tests including, for example, FEV1, FVC and FEV1/FVC
	Urinary cadmium and β2-microglobulin
	Health advice including counselling on the effect of smoking on cadmium exposure
Chromium (inorganic)	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination with emphasis on the respiratory system and skin
	Weekly skin inspection of hands and forearms by a competent person
Creosote	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Health advice including recognising photosensitivity and skin changes
	Physical examination with emphasis on the neurological system and skin, noting abnormal lesions and evidence of skin sensitisation
	Records of personal exposure including photosensitivity
Isocyanates	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Completing a standardised respiratory questionnaire
	Physical examination of the respiratory system and skin
	Standardised respiratory function tests, FEV1, FVC and FEV1/FVC



Hazardous chemical	Type of health monitoring
Lead (inorganic)	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination
	Biological monitoring (blood lead level)
Mercury (inorganic)	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination with emphasis on dermatological, gastrointestinal, neurological and renal systems
	Urinary inorganic mercury
4,4'-Methylene bis(2-chloroaniline) (MOCA)	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination
	Urinary total MOCA
	Dipstick analysis of urine for haematuria
	Urine cytology
Organophosphate pesticides	Demographic, medical and occupational history including pattern of use
	Physical examination
	Baseline estimation of red cell and plasma cholinesterase activity levels by the Ellman or equivalent method
	Estimating red cell and plasma cholinesterase activity towards the end of the working day on which organophosphate pesticides have been used



Hazardous chemical	Type of health monitoring
Pentachlorophenol (PCP)	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Records of personal exposure
	Physical examination with emphasis on the skin, noting abnormal lesions or effects of irritancy
	Urinary total pentachlorophenol
	Dipstick urinalysis for haematuria and proteinuria
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH)	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination
	Records of personal exposure including photosensitivity
	Health advice including recognising photosensitivity and skin changes
Silica, crystalline	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Records of personal exposure
	Standardised respiratory questionnaire to be completed
	Standardised respiratory function test, for example, FEV1, FVC and FEV1/FVC
	Chest X-Ray full PA view
Thallium	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination
	Urinary thallium
Vinyl chloride	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination
	Records of personal exposure



## **Examples of chemicals to consider for health monitoring**

You may wish to consider the following examples of hazardous chemicals and their testing methods, which are not listed in Schedule 14 to the model WHS Regulations, when implementing a health monitoring program for your workers.

## Some hazardous chemicals to consider for health monitoring and their type of health monitoring

Hazardous chemical	Type of health monitoring
1. Antimony	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Records of personal exposure
	Physical examination with emphasis on the respiratory system and skin
	Urinary antimony level
Arsenic (inorganic)	Extra: Urinary inorganic arsenic by speciation (inorganic arsenic plus methylated metabolites)
Benzene	Extra: Urinary S-phenylmercapturic acid (s-PMA)
Beryllium	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Records of personal exposure
	Physical examination with emphasis on respiratory and dermatological systems
	Urinary beryllium level
Butanone (methyl ethyl ketone, MEK)	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination with emphasis on the central nervous system and skin
	Urinary MEK (2-butanone) level



Hazardous chemical	Type of health monitoring
Carbon disulfide	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination with emphasis on the respiratory system and skin
	Urinary 2-thiothiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid level
Chromium (inorganic)	Extra: Urinary chromium
Cobalt	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination with emphasis on respiratory systems and skin
	Urinary cobalt level
Creosote	Extra: Urinary 1-hydroxypyrene
Cyclophosphamide	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Urinary cyclophosphamide level
Dichloromethane	Collecting demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination with emphasis on the central nervous system
	Urinary dichloromethane
Ethyl benzene	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Records of personal exposure
	Physical examination
	Baseline blood sample for haematological profile
	Urinary mandelic acid level



Hazardous chemical	Type of health monitoring
Fluorides (including soluble fluorides and aluminium fluoride)	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination with emphasis on the respiratory system
	Pre and post shift urinary fluoride level
Isocyanates	Extra: Urinary isocyanate metabolites
4-methylpentan-2-one (methyl isobutyl ketone) MIBK	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination with emphasis on the respiratory system and skin
	Urinary MIBK level
Nickel	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination with emphasis on dermatological and respiratory systems
	Urinary nickel level
Organophosphate pesticides	Extra: Urinary organophosphate metabolites
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH)	Extra: Urinary 1-hydroxypyrene
Styrene	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Records of personal exposure
	Physical examination
	Baseline blood sample for haematological profile
	Urinary mandelic acid



Hazardous chemical	Type of health monitoring
Tetrachloroethylene (perchloroethylene)	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination with emphasis on the central nervous, respiratory and reproductive systems and skin
	Tetrachloroethylene blood level before shift
Toluene	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Records of personal exposure
	Physical examination
	Baseline blood sample for haematological profile
	Urinary o-cresol
Trichloroethylene	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination with emphasis on the central nervous system
	Urinary trichloroacetic acid or trichloroethane level
Vinyl chloride	Extra: Annual liver function tests (AST, ALT, GGT, ALP, and bilirubin)
Uranium	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination
	Post shift urinary uranium level
	Urinary dipstick analysis for proteinuria
	Urinary cytology



Hazardous chemical	Type of health monitoring
Xylene	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Records of personal exposure
	Physical examination
	Baseline blood sample for haematological profile
	Urinary toluric acid